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§3–903.

- (a) In this section, "camera" includes any electronic device that can be used surreptitiously to observe an individual.
 - (b) This section does not apply to:
- (1) an adult resident of the private residence where a camera is placed;
- (2) a person who places or procures another to place a camera on real property without the intent to conduct deliberate surreptitious observation of an individual inside the private residence;
- (3) a person who has obtained the consent of an adult resident, or the adult resident's legal guardian, to place a camera on real property to conduct deliberate surreptitious observation of an individual inside the private residence;
- (4) any otherwise lawful observation with a camera conducted by a law enforcement officer while performing official duties;
- (5) filming conducted by a person by or for the print or broadcast media through use of a camera that is not secreted from view;
- (6) any part of a private residence used for business purposes, including any part of a private residence used as a family child care home for the care and custody of a child;
- (7) filming of a private residence by a person through use of a camera that is not located on the real property where the private residence is located; or
- (8) any otherwise lawful observation with a camera of the common area of multiunit family dwellings by a person that holds a license under Title 13 or Title 19 of the Business Occupations and Professions Article, acting within the scope of the person's occupation.
- (c) A person may not place or procure another to place a camera on real property where a private residence is located to conduct deliberate surreptitious observation of an individual inside the private residence.

- (d) A person who violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction is subject to imprisonment not exceeding 1 year or a fine not exceeding \$2,500 or both.
- (e) Subject to subsection (b)(1) of this section, it is not a defense to a prosecution under this section that the defendant owns the private residence.
- (f) A good faith reliance on a court order is a complete defense to a civil or criminal action brought under this section.
- (g) (1) An individual who was observed through the use of a camera in violation of this section has a civil cause of action against any person who placed or procured another to place the camera on the real property.
- (2) In an action under this subsection, the court may award damages and reasonable attorney's fees.
- (h) This section does not affect any legal or equitable right or remedy otherwise provided by law.

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